

13 May 2024

Atty. Suzy Claire R. Selleza
Head – Issuer Compliance and Disclosure Department
PHILIPPINE DEALING & EXCHANGE CORP.
29/F BDO Equitable Tower
8751 Paseo de Roxas
Makati City

Subject: Quarterly Report (SEC Form 17-Q)

Dear Atty. Selleza,

Please see attached disclosure for the information of the Exchange. It concerns RCBC's 1Q2024 SEC Form 17-Q report.

Thank you.

Sincerely yours,


MARIA THERESA M. BLAZA
Vice President, Division Head
Economics and Industry Research Division
Corporate Planning Group
Rizal Commercial Banking Corporation



May 10, 2024

Disclosure Department

The Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc.
6/F PSE Tower
5th Avenue corner 28th Street
Bonifacio Global City, Taguig City

Dear Sir/Ma'am,

We submit herewith the March 31, 2024 SEC 17-Q report of Rizal Commercial Banking Corporation.

Thank you.

Very truly yours,

Florentino M. Madonza
FSVP, Head-Controllership Group

cc: Philippine Dealing Exchange Corp.
29th Floor, BDO Equitable Tower
8751 Paseo De Roxas, 1226 Makati City

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S.E.C. Registration Number

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C	O	R	P	O	R	A	T	I	O	N		A	N	D		S	U	B	S	I	D	I	A	R	I	E	S		

(Company's Full Name)

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Contact Person

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Company Telephone Number

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Month Day

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Annual Meeting

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Secondary License Type, If
Applicable

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Amended Articles Number/Section

7	4	7
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Total No. of
Stockholders

Total Amount of Borrowings

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Domestic

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Foreign

To be accomplished by SEC Personnel concerned

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SEC Number 17514
PSE Code _____
File Number _____

**RIZAL COMMERCIAL BANKING
CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

(Company's Full Name)

**Yuchengco Tower, RCBC Plaza
6819 Ayala Ave. corner Sen. Gil J. Puyat Ave., Makati City**

(Company's Address)

8894-9000

(Telephone Number)

December 31

(Fiscal Year Ending)

SEC FORM 17-Q

Form Type

Amendment Designation (if applicable)

March 31, 2024

For the Quarterly Period Ended

(Secondary License Type and File Number)

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

RIZAL COMMERCIAL BANKING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(Amounts in Millions of Philippine Pesos)

		<u>3/31/2024</u>		<u>12/31/2023</u>
	Notes	(Unaudited)		(Audited)
<u>RESOURCES</u>				
Cash and Other Cash Items		P 14,593	P	19,875
Due from Bangko Sentral Ng Pilipinas		103,951		151,762
Due from Other Banks		11,206		14,892
Loans Under Reverse Repurchase Agreement		17,000		35,799
Trading and Investment Securities - Net	3	398,821		330,742
Loans and Receivables - Net	4	649,194		649,929
Investments in Associates	5	513		509
Bank Premises, Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment- Net		8,549		9,129
Investment Properties - Net		564		543
Deferred Tax Assets		6,137		5,775
Other Resources - Net	6	20,416		19,377
TOTAL RESOURCES		<u>P 1,230,944</u>	P	<u>1,238,332</u>
<u>LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</u>				
Deposit Liabilities	7	P 959,360	P	956,712
Bills Payable	8	23,195		50,858
Bonds Payable	9	57,385		34,939
Accrued Taxes, Interest And Other Expenses		10,489		12,082
Other Liabilities	10	29,677		31,466
Total Liabilities		<u>1,080,106</u>		<u>1,086,057</u>
EQUITY				
Attributable to Parent Company Shareholders:				
Preferred Stock	11	P 3	P	3
Common Stock	11	24,195		24,195
Hybrid Perpetual Securities	11	14,463		14,463
Capital Paid in Excess of Par		58,228		58,228
Other Comprehensive Income:				
Net Unrealized Losses on Financial Assets At Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		(3,804)	(3,168)
Cumulative Translation Adjustment		54		54
Retirement plan		(2,930)	(2,930)
Reserve for Trust Business		-		551
Other Reserves		(86)	(86)
Retained Earnings Appropriated for General Provision		4,285		4,599
Retained Earnings		56,424		56,360
		<u>150,832</u>		<u>152,269</u>
Non-controlling Interest		<u>6</u>		<u>6</u>
Total Equity		<u>150,838</u>		<u>152,275</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL FUNDS		<u>P 1,230,944</u>	P	<u>1,238,332</u>

See Notes to Interim Condensed Financial Statements.

RIZAL COMMERCIAL BANKING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(Amounts in Millions of Philippine Pesos, Except Per Share Data)

	Note	1/1/2024 to 3/31/2024	1/1/2023 to 3/31/2023
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
INTEREST INCOME ON			
Loans and receivables	P	14,157	P 10,702
Investment securities		3,977	3,232
Others		751	734
		18,885	14,668
INTEREST EXPENSE ON			
Deposit liabilities		8,190	6,181
Bills payable and other borrowings		1,135	1,220
		9,325	7,401
NET INTEREST INCOME		9,560	7,267
IMPAIRMENT LOSSES - Net		1,672	1,496
NET INTEREST INCOME AFTER IMPAIRMENT LOSSES		7,888	5,771
OTHER OPERATING INCOME			
Service fees and commissions		2,046	1,423
Gain on assets sold - net		112	3,350
Trading and securities gain - net		48	58
Trust fees		-	107
Foreign exchange gains (losses) - net		(37)	405
Miscellaneous	12	507	383
		2,676	5,726
OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES			
Employee benefits		1,936	1,710
Taxes and licenses		1,651	1,669
Depreciation and amortization		814	842
Occupancy and equipment-related		934	829
Miscellaneous	12	2,430	2,144
		7,765	7,194
PROFIT BEFORE TAX		2,799	4,303
TAX EXPENSE		597	666
NET PROFIT		2,202	3,637
Net Loss Attributable to Non-Controlling Interest		-	(1)
Net Loss Attributable to Company Shareholders		P 2,202	P 3,638
Earnings Per Share (Annualized)			
Basic		P 3.38	P 6.71
Diluted		P 3.38	P 6.71

See Notes to Interim Condensed Financial Statements.

RIZAL COMMERCIAL BANKING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(Amounts in Millions of Philippine Pesos)

	1/1/2024 to 3/31/2024 (Unaudited)	1/1/2023 to 3/31/2023 (Unaudited)
NET PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	<u>P 2,202</u>	<u>P 3,637</u>
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSSES) DURING THE PERIOD:		
Fair value gains (losses) on Financial assets at Other Comprehensive Income	(636)	284
Retirement plan	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,169)</u>
Other Comprehensive Loss for the period	(<u>636</u>)	(<u>885</u>)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD	<u>P 1,566</u>	<u>P 2,752</u>
Comprehensive Income Attributable to Non-Controlling Interest	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Comprehensive Income Attributable to Parent Company Shareholders	<u>P 1,566</u>	<u>P 2,752</u>

See Notes to Interim Condensed Financial Statements.

RIZAL COMMERCIAL BANKING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
(Amounts in Millions of Philippine Pesos)

	<u>1/1/2024 to</u> <u>3/31/2024</u>	<u>1/1/2023 to</u> <u>3/31/2023</u>
	<u>(Unaudited)</u>	<u>(Unaudited)</u>
ATTRIBUTABLE TO PARENT COMPANY SHAREHOLDERS		
PREFERRED STOCK		
Balance at beginning and end of period	<u>P 3</u>	<u>P 3</u>
COMMON STOCK		
Balance at beginning and end of period	<u>24,195</u>	<u>22,509</u>
HYBRID PERPETUAL SECURITIES		
Balance at beginning and end of period	<u>14,463</u>	<u>14,463</u>
CAPITAL PAID IN EXCESS OF PAR		
Balance at beginning and end of period	<u>58,228</u>	<u>42,493</u>
TEASURY SHARES, At Cost		
Balance at beginning and end of period	<u>-</u>	<u>(9,287)</u>
NET UNREALIZED GAINS (LOSSES) ON FINANCIAL ASSETS AT OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		
Beginning balance	<u>(3,168)</u>	<u>(4,865)</u>
Fair value gains (losses) during the period	<u>(636)</u>	<u>284</u>
Balance, end	<u>(3,804)</u>	<u>(4,581)</u>
CUMULATIVE TRANSLATION ADJUSTMENTS		
Balance at beginning and end of period	<u>54</u>	<u>54</u>
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS - RETIREMENT PLAN		
Balance, beginning	<u>(2,930)</u>	<u>(1,581)</u>
Remeasurement of the defined benefits during the period	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,169)</u>
Balance, end	<u>(2,930)</u>	<u>(2,750)</u>
RESERVE FOR TRUST BUSINESS		
Balance, beginning	<u>551</u>	<u>532</u>
Transfer from (to) retained earnings - free	<u>(551)</u>	<u>6</u>
Balance, end	<u>-</u>	<u>538</u>
OTHER RESERVES		
Balance at beginning and end of period	<u>(86)</u>	<u>(86)</u>
RETAINED EARNINGS APPROPRIATED FOR GENERAL PROVISION		
Beginning balance	<u>4,599</u>	<u>3,824</u>
Transfer from (to) retained earnings - free	<u>(314)</u>	<u>284</u>
Balance, end	<u>4,285</u>	<u>4,108</u>
RETAINED EARNINGS		
Beginning balance	<u>56,360</u>	<u>48,294</u>
Net profit	<u>2,202</u>	<u>3,638</u>
Cash dividends on common shares	<u>(2,454)</u>	<u>(2,200)</u>
Dividends on Hybrid Capital Securities	<u>(549)</u>	<u>(533)</u>
Transfer of fair value reserves on FVOCI	<u>-</u>	<u>(8)</u>
Transfer from (to) retained earnings appropriated for general provision	<u>314</u>	<u>(284)</u>
Transfer from (to) reserves for trust business	<u>551</u>	<u>(6)</u>
Balance, end	<u>56,424</u>	<u>48,901</u>
ATTRIBUTABLE TO		
PARENT COMPANY SHAREHOLDERS		
	<u>P 150,832</u>	<u>P 116,365</u>
NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST		
Balance, beginning	<u>6</u>	<u>8</u>
Net Loss for the year	<u>-</u>	<u>(1)</u>
Balance, end	<u>6</u>	<u>7</u>
TOTAL EQUITY	<u>P 150,838</u>	<u>P 116,372</u>

See Notes to Interim Condensed Financial Statements.

RIZAL COMMERCIAL BANKING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Amounts in Millions of Philippine Pesos)

	1/1/2023 to 3/31/2024	1/1/2023 to 3/31/2023
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profits before tax	P 2,799	P 4,303
Adjustments for:		
Interest income	(18,885)	(14,668)
Interest expense	9,325	7,401
Gain on assets sold	(112)	(3,350)
Impairment losses	1,672	1,496
Depreciation and amortization	814	842
Dividend income	(280)	(14)
Share in net earnings of associates	(4)	(43)
Operating income before working capital changes	(4,671)	(4,033)
Decrease (Increase) in financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	459	(6,369)
Increase in loans and receivables	(10,971)	(24,947)
Increase in investment property	(21)	(26)
Decrease (Increase) in other resources	(3,632)	250
Increase in deposit liabilities	2,648	2,152
Increase (Decrease) in accrued taxes, interest and other expenses	(744)	60
Increase (Decrease) in other liabilities	(1,488)	20,300
Cash used in operations	(18,420)	(12,613)
Interest received	19,440	14,822
Interest paid	(10,380)	(7,133)
Cash paid for taxes	(737)	(489)
Net Used in Operating Activities	(10,097)	(5,413)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Decrease (increase) in Financial Assets at FVOCI	(49,237)	11,231
Decrease (increase) in Investment securities at amortized cost	(19,937)	18,536
Disposal (acquisitions) of bank premises, furniture, fixtures and equipment -net	331	(502)
Cash dividends received	15	14
Acquisitions of intangibles	(52)	(117)
Net Cash From (Used in) Investing Activities	(68,880)	29,162
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Payments of bills payable	(27,663)	(586)
Dividends paid	(549)	(532)
Net proceeds from (Redemption of) bonds payable	22,446	(25,576)
Net Cash Used in Financing Activities	(5,766)	(26,694)
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(84,743)	(2,945)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING		
Cash and other cash items	19,875	18,078
Due from Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas	151,762	156,664
Due from other banks	14,892	5,836
Interbank Loans and Loans and Receivables under reverse repurchase agreement	63,579	27,745
	<u>250,108</u>	<u>208,323</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END		
Cash and other cash items	14,593	13,132
Due from Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas	103,951	155,486
Due from other banks	11,206	5,962
Interbank Loans and Loans and Receivables under reverse repurchase agreement	35,615	30,798
	<u>165,365</u>	<u>205,378</u>

Supplemental Information on Non-cash Operating and Investing Activities

In March 2023, the Bank transferred and leased back certain real estate properties with total net book value of P1,796 to another entity in exchange for 100% ownership in the latter which were subsequently transferred to the retirement fund to fund its plan assets. The total value of shares received amounted to P6,268 resulting in a gain of P3,106, presented as part of Gain on Assets Sold - Net.

See Notes to Interim Condensed Financial Statements.

RIZAL COMMERCIAL BANKING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
MARCH 31, 2024 AND DECEMBER 31, 2023
(Amounts in Millions of Philippine Pesos, Except Otherwise Indicated)

1. CORPORATE MATTERS

1.1 Incorporation and Operations

Rizal Commercial Banking Corporation (the Parent Company, the Bank or RCBC), a universal bank engaged in all aspects of banking, was originally incorporated on September 23, 1960. The Bank renewed its corporate existence on December 10, 2009. It provides products and services related to traditional loans and deposits, trade finance, domestic and foreign fund transfers or remittance, cash management and treasury. It also enters into forward currency contracts as an accommodation to its clients and as a means of managing its foreign exchange exposures. The Parent Company and its subsidiaries (together hereinafter referred to as the Group) are engaged in all aspects of traditional banking, investment banking, retail financing (credit cards, auto loans, mortgage/housing and microfinance loans), remittance, leasing and stock brokering.

As a banking institution, the Group's operations are regulated and supervised by the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP). As such, the Group is required to comply with banking rules and regulations such as those relating to maintenance of reserve requirements on deposit liabilities and deposit substitutes and those relating to the adoption and use of safe and sound banking practices, among others, as promulgated by the BSP. The Group's activities are subject to the provisions of Republic Act (RA) No. 8791, the *General Banking Law of 2000*, and other related banking laws.

The Parent Company's common shares are listed in the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE).

RCBC is a 33.92%-owned subsidiary of Pan Malayan Management and Investment Corporation (PMMIC or Ultimate Parent), a company incorporated and domiciled in the Philippines. PMMIC is the holding company of the flagship institutions of the Yuchengco Group of Companies (YGC), with registered business address at 48th Floor, Yuchengco Tower, RCBC Plaza, 6819 Ayala Avenue cor. Sen. Gil Puyat Avenue, Makati City. As of March 31, 2024, Cathay Life Insurance Corporation (Cathay) and Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation (SMBC) also own 18.68% and 20.00% interest in RCBC, respectively.

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Group as of and for the three months ended March 31, 2024 (including the comparatives for the three months ended March 31, 2023) and the year ended December 31, 2023 were presented to and reviewed by the Bank's Audit and Compliance Committee.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies that have been used in the preparation of these financial statements are summarized in the succeeding pages. The policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

2.1 Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

(a) Statement of Compliance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards

The interim financial statements of the Bank have been prepared in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS).

There were no changes in the accounting policies and methods of computation followed in the interim financial statements as compared with the most recent annual financial statements.

(b) Presentation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are presented in accordance with Philippine Accounting Standards (PAS) 1, *Presentation of Financial Statements*. The Group presents its statement of financial position broadly in order of liquidity and presents all items of income and expenses in two statements: a “statement of profit or loss” and a “statement of comprehensive income.”

(c) Functional and Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in Philippine pesos, the Group’s functional and presentation currency. All amounts are in millions, except per share data or when otherwise indicated.

2.2 Basis of Consolidation and Accounting for Investments in Subsidiaries and Associates in the Separate Financial Statements

The Group’s consolidated financial statements comprise the accounts of the Parent Company and its subsidiaries, after the elimination of material intercompany transactions. All intercompany resources and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions with subsidiaries are eliminated in full. Unrealized profits and losses from intercompany transactions that are recognized in assets are also eliminated in full. Intercompany losses that indicate impairment are recognized in the consolidated financial statements.

2.3 Financial Assets

Financial assets are recognized when the Group becomes a party to the contractual terms of the financial instrument. For purposes of classifying financial assets, an instrument is considered as an equity instrument if it is non-derivative and meets the definition of equity for the issuer in accordance with the criteria under PAS 32, *Financial Instruments: Presentation*. All other non-derivative financial instruments are treated as debt instruments.

(a) Classification, Measurement and Reclassification of Financial Assets

Under PFRS 9, *Financial Instruments*, the classification and measurement of financial assets is driven by the entity’s business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. The classification and measurement of financial assets are described in the succeeding paragraphs.

(i) *Financial Assets at Amortized Cost*

Financial assets are measured at amortized cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- the asset is held within the Group's business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and,
- the contractual terms of the instrument give rise, on specified dates, to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets meeting these criteria are measured initially at fair value plus transaction costs. They are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment in value.

(ii) *Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVPL)*

The Group classifies financial assets as FVPL when they have been purchased or issued primarily for short-term profit making through trading activities or form part of a portfolio of financial instruments that are managed together, for which there is evidence of a recent pattern of short-term profit taking.

Debt instruments that do not meet the amortized cost criteria, or that meet the criteria but the Group has chosen to designate as at FVPL at initial recognition, are measured at FVPL. Equity investments are classified as financial assets at FVPL, unless the Group designates an equity investment that is not held for trading as at *Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI)* at initial recognition. The Group's financial assets at FVPL include government securities, corporate bonds, equity securities, which are held for trading purposes or designated as at FVPL.

Financial assets at FVPL are initially measured at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in profit or loss. Unrealized gains and losses arising from changes (mark-to-market) in the fair value of the financial assets at FVPL category and realized gains or losses arising from disposals of these instruments are included in Trading and Securities Gains under Other Operating Income account in the statement of profit or loss.

(iii) *Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI)*

Debt Instruments at FVOCI

The Group classifies debt instruments under FVOCI when both of the following conditions are met:

- the asset is held within the Group's business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and,
- the contractual terms of the instrument give rise, on specified dates, to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

FVOCI debt securities are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. They are subsequently measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognized in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI). Interest Income and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss in the same manner as for financial assets measured at amortized cost.

On derecognition, cumulative gains or losses previously recognized in OCI are reclassified to profit or loss.

Equity Instruments at FVOCI

At initial recognition, the Group can make an irrevocable election (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) to designate equity investments as at FVOCI; however, such designation is not permitted if the equity investment is held by the Group for trading. The Group has designated certain equity instruments as at FVOCI on initial application of PFRS 9.

Financial assets at FVOCI are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at fair value, with no deduction for any disposal costs. Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value, including the foreign exchange component, are recognized in other comprehensive income, net of any effects arising from income taxes, and are reported as part of Revaluation Reserves account in equity. When the asset is disposed of, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in the Revaluation Reserves account is not reclassified to profit or loss, but is reclassified directly to Surplus account.

(b) Hedge Accounting

At the inception of the hedging relationships, the Group formally designates and documents the hedging relationship. This documentation includes the risk management objective and strategy for undertaking the hedge, the identification of the hedging instrument and the hedged item, the nature of the risk being hedged and how the Group will assess whether the hedging relationship meets the hedge effectiveness requirements at inception and on an ongoing basis (including the analysis of sources of hedge ineffectiveness and how the hedge ratio for the hedging relationships is determined).

Under a fair value hedge, the subsequent change in the fair value of the hedging instrument is recognized in the statement of profit or loss. The change in the fair value of the hedged item, attributable to the risk being hedged, is recorded as part of the carrying value of the hedged item and is also recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

Under a cash flow hedge, changes in the fair value of the hedging instrument are initially recognized in other comprehensive income for the effective portion of the hedge while the ineffective portion is recognized in profit or loss. The amount recognized in other comprehensive shall be the lower of (a) cumulative gain or loss on the hedging instrument from inception of hedge, or (b) cumulative change in FV of the expected cash flows on the hedged item.

(c) Impairment of Financial Assets

The Group's ECL model follows a three-stage impairment approach, which guide in the determination of the loss allowance to be recognized in the financial statements.

- (i)* Stage 1 – comprises of all credit exposures that are considered 'performing' and with no observed SICR since initial recognition. These include those financial instruments with low credit risk. For these financial instruments, the loss allowance is determined based on a 12-month ECL. PFRS 9 provides a rebuttable presumption that credit risk is considered to have significantly increased since initial recognition if the contractual payment is more than 30 days past due. The rebuttal must be in consideration of a reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort.

- (ii) Stage 2 – comprises of all financial instruments assessed to have SICR since initial recognition based on the Group’s quantitative and qualitative criteria, though not yet deemed to be credit-impaired. Using the Group’s ICRRS, Stage 2 includes credit exposures that are considered ‘under-performing’ in which risk ratings were downgraded by at least three notches and/or downgraded to CCC+ to Especially Mentioned. Stage 2 financial instruments may also include those facilities where the credit risk has improved and have been reclassified from Stage 3 subject to the Group’s observation period on the creditworthiness of the counterparty. A lifetime ECL is recognized for these financial instruments.
- (iii) Stage 3 – comprises credit exposures which are assessed as ‘credit-impaired’, thus considered by the Group as ‘non-performing’, which is assessed consistently with the Group’s definition of default. Generally, this includes accounts classified as Substandard, Doubtful and Loss. The Group recognizes a lifetime ECL for all credit-impaired financial assets.

ECL is a function of the probability of default (PD), loss-given default (LGD), and exposure-at-default (EAD), with the timing of the loss also considered, and is estimated by incorporating forward-looking economic information and through the use of experienced credit judgement.

The Group calculates ECL either on an individual or a collective basis. For consumer loans which were carried out on a collective basis, the financial instruments are grouped on the basis of shared credit risk characteristics, such as but not limited to instrument type, credit risk rating, collateral type, product type, historical net charge-offs, industry type, and geographical locations of the borrowers or counterparties. The Group calculates ECL for corporate loans, finance lease receivables, and investment securities at amortized cost on an individual basis.

The Group applies a simplified ECL approach for its accounts receivables and other risk assets wherein the Group uses a provision matrix that considers historical changes in the behavior of the portfolio of credit exposures based on internally collected data to predict conditions over the span of a given observation period. These receivables include claims from various counterparties, which are not originated through the Group’s lending activities. For these instruments, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime ECL.

The Group recognizes an impairment loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments subjected to ECL impairment assessment with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account. With respect to investments in debt securities that are measured at FVOCI, the related loss allowance account is recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the Revaluation Reserves account, and does not reduce the carrying amount of the financial asset in the statement of financial position.

For loan commitments, the loss allowance is recognized as provisions (presented and included as part of Other Liabilities account in the statement of financial position). Where a financial instrument includes a drawn and undrawn component, and the Group cannot identify the ECL on the loan commitment component separately from those on the drawn commitment; the Group presents a combined allowance for ECL for both components. The combined amount is presented as a deduction from the gross carrying amount of the drawn component. Any excess of the loss allowance over the gross amount of the drawn component is presented as provisions.

If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognize the financial asset and also recognizes a collateralized borrowing for the proceeds received.

c.1 Impact of COVID-19 on Measurement of ECL

In response to the post-pandemic landscape and the economic effects on the Group, there has been a reassessment and adjustment of the key conditions and assumptions used in calculating ECL. The Group has reviewed economic scenarios and forward-looking macroeconomic assumptions that underpin the ECL calculation. Given the economic recovery in the Philippines post-pandemic, the impact of COVID-19 on the historical data of the Bank has been excluded, as default rates during the pandemic were unusually high.

In 2023, with the expected full recovery of the Philippines from the impact of COVID-19 and the improving portfolio performance, the Group tailored its newly validated ECL model to exclude abnormally high default rates recorded during the pandemic period from their historical data set of 3 to 5 years used for ECL computation.

To identify the exclusion periods related to COVID-19, the Group employed a 12-month performance window in which any accounts that defaulted anytime in the subsequent 12 months were considered for the computation of historical default rates. Months with significantly high default rates were excluded from the dataset. This ensures that the average default rate computed by the Bank reflects the changes in the country's macroeconomic variables and their impact on customer payment behavior.

2.4 Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities which include deposit liabilities, bills payable, bonds payable, accrued interest and other expenses, and other liabilities (except tax-related payables, post-employment defined benefit obligation and deferred income) are recognized when the Group becomes a party to the contractual terms of the instrument.

Financial liabilities are recognized initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, for those with maturities beyond one year, less settlement payments. All interest-related charges incurred on financial liabilities are recognized as an expense in the statement of profit or loss under the caption Interest Expense.

2.5 Provisions and Contingencies

Provisions are recognized when present obligations will probably lead to an outflow of economic resources and they can be estimated reliably even if the timing or amount of the outflow may still be uncertain. A present obligation arises from the presence of a legal or constructive obligation that has resulted from past events (e.g., legal dispute or onerous contracts).

2.6 Revenue and Expense Recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that the revenue can be reliably measured; it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group; and the costs incurred or to be incurred can be measured reliably.

2.7 Impairment of Non-financial Assets

For purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows [cash-generating units (CGU)]. As a result, some assets are tested for impairment either individually or at the CGU level.

Impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss for the amount by which the asset's or CGU's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount which is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. In determining value in use, management estimates the expected future cash flows from each CGU and determines the suitable interest rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. The data used for impairment testing procedures are directly linked to the Group's latest approved budget, adjusted as necessary to exclude the effects of asset enhancements. Discount factors are determined individually for each CGU and reflect management's assessment of respective risk profiles, such as market and asset-specific risk factors.

All assets, except for intangible assets with indefinite useful life and goodwill, are subsequently reassessed for indications that an impairment loss previously recognized may no longer exist. An impairment loss is reversed if the asset's or CGU's recoverable amount exceeds its carrying amount.

2.8 Income Taxes

Tax expense recognized in profit or loss comprises the sum of current tax and deferred tax not recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, if any.

Current tax assets or liabilities comprise those claims from, or obligations to, tax authorities relating to the current or prior reporting period, that are unpaid at the end of the reporting period. They are calculated according to the tax rates and tax laws applicable to the periods to which they relate, based on the taxable profit for the year. All changes to current tax assets or liabilities are recognized as a component of tax expense in the statement of profit or loss.

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method, on temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes. Under the liability method, with certain exceptions, deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences and the carry-forward of unused tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deferred tax assets can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period. Previously unrecognized deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will be available to allow such deferred tax assets to be recovered.

2.9 Related Party Relationships and Transactions

Related party transactions are transfers of resources, services or obligations between the Group and its related parties, regardless of whether a price is charged.

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. These parties include: (a) individuals owning, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control or are controlled by, or under common control with the Group; (b) associates; (c) individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power of the Group that gives them significant influence over the Group and close members of the family of any such individual; and, (d) the funded retirement plan of each of the entities under the Group.

2.10 Events After the End of the Reporting Period

Any event that provides additional information about the Group's financial position at the end of the reporting period (adjusting event) is reflected in the financial statements. Post-reporting events that are not adjusting events, if any, are disclosed when material to the financial statements.

3. TRADING AND INVESTMENT SECURITIES

This account is composed of the following:

	<u>March 31, 2024</u> <u>(Unaudited)</u>	<u>December 31, 2023</u> <u>(Audited)</u>
Financial assets at FVPL	P 11,319	P 11,778
Financial assets at FVOCI	131,128	82,437
Investment securities at amortized cost - net	<u>256,374</u>	<u>236,527</u>
	<u>P 398,821</u>	<u>P 330,742</u>

3.1 Financial Assets at FVPL

This account is composed of the following:

	<u>March 31, 2024</u> <u>(Unaudited)</u>	<u>December 31, 2023</u> <u>(Audited)</u>
Government securities	P 9,452	P 9,647
Derivative financial assets	1,050	1,320
Equity securities	791	783
Corporate debt securities	<u>26</u>	<u>28</u>
	<u>P 11,319</u>	<u>P 11,778</u>

3.2 Financial Assets at FVOCI

This account is composed of the following:

	<u>March 31, 2024</u> <u>(Unaudited)</u>	<u>December 31, 2023</u> <u>(Audited)</u>
Government bonds	P 113,419	P 65,962
Corporate debt securities	13,776	12,571
Unquoted equity securities	2,536	2,421
Quoted equity securities	<u>1,397</u>	<u>1,483</u>
	<u>P 131,128</u>	<u>P 82,437</u>

3.3 Investments at Amortized Cost

This account is composed of the following:

	<u>March 31, 2024</u> <u>(Unaudited)</u>	<u>December 31, 2023</u> <u>(Audited)</u>
Government securities	P 219,015	P 211,451
Corporate debt securities	<u>37,520</u>	<u>25,237</u>
	256,535	236,688
Allowance for impairment	(<u>161</u>)	(<u>161</u>)
	<u>P 256,374</u>	<u>P 236,527</u>

4. LOANS AND RECEIVABLES

This account consists of the following:

	<u>March 31, 2024</u> <u>(Unaudited)</u>	<u>December 31, 2023</u> <u>(Audited)</u>
Receivable from customers:		
Loans and discounts	P 529,054	P 525,041
Credit card receivables	81,267	74,667
Customers' liabilities on acceptances, import bills and trust receipts	16,472	16,345
Bills purchased	2,529	3,894
Lease contract receivable	2,960	2,710
Receivables financed	<u>95</u>	<u>91</u>
	632,377	622,748
Unearned discount	(<u>688</u>)	(<u>826</u>)
	<u>631,689</u>	<u>621,922</u>
Other receivables:		
Interbank loans receivables	17,199	27,780
Accrued interest receivable	8,964	9,519
Accounts receivable	5,175	5,425
Sales contract receivable	<u>2,644</u>	<u>2,678</u>
	35,398	45,402
	667,087	667,324
Allowance for impairment	(<u>17,893</u>)	(<u>17,395</u>)
	<u>P 649,194</u>	<u>P 649,929</u>

5. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATES

5.1 Sale of Niyog Property Holdings, Inc. (NPHI) and Cajel Realty Corporation (CRC) shares to Filinvest Land, Inc. (FLI)

On March 27, 2023, the Bank's Board of Directors approved the proposed sale and transfer to FLI of its shares in NPHI and CRC, wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Bank, subject to completion of FLI's due diligence and compliance with conditions to be agreed by the parties. NPHI and CRC, as owners of certain parcels of land located in Bacoor, Cavite have joint development agreements with FLI, wherein FLI undertook to develop the land properties into an exclusive residential subdivision, now known as Princeton Heights.

On July 14, 2023, the Bank and FLI executed a Deed of Absolute Sale for the sale and transfer of the Bank's 100% ownership in NPHI and CRC to FLI. Total consideration for the shares amounted to P544 for NPHI and P89 for CRC.

5.2 Spin-off of the RCBC Trust Operations to a Stand-Alone Trust Corporation

With the endorsement of the Bank's Trust Committee, on November 28, 2022, the Bank's Board of Directors (BOD) approved the spin-off of the trust operations from RCBC into a separate corporate entity by establishing a Stand-Alone Trust Corporation in accordance with the Manual of Regulations for Non-Bank Financing Institutions. The Bank's BOD approved its capital infusion equivalent to 40% of the required capital under the capital build-up plan.

On March 27, 2023, the Bank's BOD approved the incorporation of the RCBC Trust Corporation (RCBC Trust). RCBC Trust was officially incorporated on June 29, 2023, while its application of Trust License from BSP – Stage 3 was approved on October 10, 2023.

RCBC Trust started operations on January 2, 2024. On the same day, RCBC Trust received net assets from the Bank amounting to P144 and assumed assets under management valued at P155,705 from the Bank. These trust department accounts are maintained in separate books and records in accordance with the Financial Reporting Package for Trust Institutions (FRPTI) prescribed by the BSP.

5.3 Donation of RCBC shares in JPL

On April 8, 2024, the Bank and its Retirement Fund executed a Deed of Donation and Acceptance where the Bank donated and transferred ownership of 36,612,373 Preferred C shares representing 19.41% of the outstanding capital of RCBC-JPL Holding Corporation (JPL). Subsequent to the donation, RCBC's ownership over JPL is now at 80%.

6. OTHER RESOURCES

This account consists of the following:

	March 31, 2024		December 31, 2023
	(Unaudited)		(Audited)
Assets held-for-sale and disposal group	P 4,899	P	4,503
Creditable withholding taxes	4,492		4,280
Net defined benefit asset	2,631		2,665
Prepaid expenses	1,944		1,645
Software – net	1,162		1,237
Refundable and other deposits	1,029		955
Branch licenses	1,000		1,000
Other assets held in trust	879	-	
Unused stationery and supplies	707		618
Deferred charges	707		660
Goodwill	426		426
Margin deposits	235		243
Returned checks and other cash items	120		221
Miscellaneous	1,203		1,992
	21,434		20,445
Allowance for impairment	(1,018)	(1,068)
	P 20,416	P	19,377

7. DEPOSIT LIABILITIES

The following is the breakdown of deposit liabilities:

	<u>March 31, 2024</u> <u>(Unaudited)</u>	December 31, 2023 <u>(Audited)</u>
Demand	P 199,935	P 214,395
Savings	287,319	287,738
Time	468,526	450,999
Long-term Negotiable Certificate of Deposits (LTNCD)	<u>3,580</u>	<u>3,580</u>
	<u>P 959,360</u>	<u>P 956,712</u>

The details of the Parent Company's Long-term Negotiable Certificates of Deposits (LTNCDs) as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 are as follows:

<u>Issuance Date</u>	<u>Maturity Date</u>	<u>Coupon Interest</u>	<u>Outstanding Balance</u>
September 28, 2018	March 28, 2024	5.50%	P 3,580

The Parent Company's LTNCDs were used in the expansion of its term deposit base to support long-term asset growth and for other general funding purposes.

8. BILLS PAYABLE

This account consists of borrowings from:

	<u>March 31, 2024</u> <u>(Unaudited)</u>	December 31, 2023 <u>(Audited)</u>
Foreign banks	P 16,296	P 36,653
Local banks	6,899	14,165
Others	<u>-</u>	<u>40</u>
	<u>P 23,195</u>	<u>P 50,858</u>

9. BONDS PAYABLE

The composition of this account for the Group and the Parent Company follows:

<u>Issuance Date</u>	<u>Maturity Date</u>	<u>Coupon Interest</u>	<u>Face Value</u>	<u>Outstanding Balance</u>	
				<u>March 31, 2024 (Unaudited)</u>	<u>December 31, 2023 (Audited)</u>
January 7, 2024	January 18, 2029	5.50%	\$ 400	P 22,394	P -
February 21, 2022	May 21, 2024	3.00%	P 14,756	14,756	14,756
March 31, 2021	June 30, 2026	4.18%	P 4,130	4,130	4,130
September 11, 2019	September 11, 2024	3.05%	\$ 293	<u>16,105</u>	<u>16,053</u>
				<u>P 57,385</u>	<u>P 34,939</u>

Out of the US\$400 senior notes issued in January 7, 2024, US\$200 are designated as liability under fair value hedge accounting following the provisions of PFRS9. As of March 31, 2024, the Group has four (4) outstanding interest rate swaps designated as fair value hedges of the interest rate risk arising from 50% of the Group's US\$400 fixed rate bonds payable.

10. OTHER LIABILITIES

Other liabilities consist of the following:

	<u>March 31, 2024 (Unaudited)</u>	<u>December 31, 2023 (Audited)</u>
Accounts payable	P 9,239	P 10,197
Lease liabilities	6,284	6,687
Derivative financial liabilities	3,130	1,690
Manager's checks	1,618	1,878
Bills purchased – contra	1,412	2,673
Withholding taxes payable	1,122	1,108
Unearned income	850	824
Unclaimed balances	742	1,398
Deposits on lease contracts	610	796
Sundry credits	400	269
Other credits	391	381
Expected credit loss provisions		
on loan commitments	328	304
Outstanding acceptances payable	215	1,467
Due to BSP	195	108
Payment orders payable	97	147
Miscellaneous	<u>590</u>	<u>1,539</u>
	<u>P 29,677</u>	<u>P 31,466</u>

11. EQUITY

The movements in the outstanding capital stock are as follows:

	<u>Number of Shares*</u>	
	<u>March 31, 2024</u> <u>(Unaudited)</u>	<u>December 31, 2023</u> <u>(Audited)</u>
Preferred stock – voting, non-cumulative non-redeemable, participating convertible into common stock – P10 par value Authorized – 200,000,000 shares		
Balance at beginning and end of period	267,410	267,410
Conversion of shares	(1,028)	-
Balance at the end of the period	<u>266,382</u>	<u>267,410</u>
Common stock – P10 par value Authorized – 2,600,000,000 shares		
Balance at beginning of period	2,419,536,120	2,037,478,896
Conversion of shares	202	-
Reissuance of treasury shares	-	213,437,248
Issuance of new shares	-	168,619,976
Balance at the end of the period	<u>2,419,536,322</u>	<u>2,419,536,120</u>

**Amounts in absolute number of shares*

11.1 Treasury Shares

In 2019, subsequent to the effective date of the merger, the Parent Company acquired the 315,287,248 common shares issued in exchange of the net assets of RSB equal to the Parent Company's investment in RSB as at December 31, 2018.

On July 23, 2021, the Parent Company sold 101,850,000 shares to Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation (SMBC) at P44.00 per share. This came from the treasury shares resulting from the merger of Parent Company and RSB. The sale of shares held by the Parent Company in treasury is equivalent to 4.999% of the total outstanding Common Stock. The issuance resulted in a recognition of additional Capital Paid in Excess of Par amounting to P50. The Parent Company incurred expenses related to the issuance amounting to P113 which was charged to equity resulting in a P63 net decrease in the Capital Paid in Excess of Par.

On November 2, 2022, the Bank's BOD approved the increase in shareholding of SMBC, an existing shareholder of 4.99% of the total outstanding common stock of the Bank, to 20% through the combined sale of subscription of an aggregate of 382 common stock to SMBC, partly coming from the reissuance of treasury shares and issuance of new common stock, at the price of P71 per share. The additional capital infusion was made on July 31, 2023.

11.2 Hybrid Perpetual Securities

On August 27, 2020, the Parent Company issued US\$300 non-cumulative, unsecured, subordinated capital securities which qualify as AT1 capital under Basel III standards. As of March 31, 2024, the hybrid perpetual securities amounted to P14,463, net of issuance costs.

The capital securities are perpetual in respect of which there is no fixed redemption date. The Parent Company may redeem the capital securities only in certain circumstances as described in the conditions of the securities and with prior written consent of BSP. Distributions are non-cumulative and payable semi-annually in arrear at a rate of 6.5%. Certain conditions provide for circumstances under which the Parent Company will not be obliged to pay any distribution on the applicable payment date.

The proceeds of the hybrid perpetual securities are used to support and finance medium-term to long-term asset growth, loans to customers, other general corporate purposes and to maintain sufficient buffers above the minimum capital thresholds required by BSP.

12. MISCELLANEOUS INCOME AND EXPENSES

These accounts consist of the following:

12.1 Miscellaneous Income

	For the Three months Ended	
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Dividend income	P 280	P 14
Recoveries from written off assets	119	152
Rentals	72	159
Others	36	58
	P 507	P 383

12.2 Miscellaneous Expenses

	For the Three months Ended	
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Insurance	P 528	P 480
Credit card related expenses	516	400
Service processing fees	275	290
Litigation/asset acquired expenses	212	169
Communication and information	197	155
Management and other professional fees	134	107
Advertising and publicity	124	78
Banking fees	87	101
Stationery and office supplies	45	44
Transportation and travel	38	53
Other outside services	37	39
Donations and charitable contributions	28	15
Shipment and freight	15	17
Representation and entertainment	10	11
Others	184	185
	P 2,430	P 2,144

13. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

In the normal course of operations of the Group, there are various outstanding commitments and contingent liabilities such as guarantees, commitments to extend credit, tax assessments, etc., with amounts not reflected in the financial statements. Management does not anticipate losses from these transactions that will adversely affect the Group's operations.

In the opinion of management, the suits and claims arising from the normal course of operations of the Group that remains unsettled, if decided adversely, will not involve sums that would have material effect on the Group's financial position or operating results.

13.1 Contingent Accounts, Guarantees and Other Commitments

The following is a summary of contingencies and commitments arising from off-statement of financial position items at their equivalent peso contractual amounts as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023:

	March 31, 2024		December 31, 2023
	<u>(Unaudited)</u>		<u>(Audited)</u>
Outstanding guarantees issued	P 219,606	P	205,268
Derivative assets	192,795		142,921
Derivative liabilities	123,393		84,461
Unused commercial letters of credit	32,539		25,079
Spot exchange sold	13,705		16,985
Spot exchange bought	13,704		16,980
Inward bills for collection	9,736		8,061
Late deposits/payments received	768		872
Outward bills for collection	4		1
Trust department accounts	-		155,705
Others	64		64

ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES TO ITEM I – FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Compliance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. The interim financial statements of the Bank have been prepared in accordance with the Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS).

See accompanying Notes to Interim Financial Statements for the detailed discussion of compliance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

Accounting Policies and Methods of Computation. See accompanying Notes to Interim Financial Statements for the detailed discussion of the accounting policies and methods of computation (Note 2).

Seasonality or Cyclicity of Interim Operations. Seasonal or cyclical events and/or conditions do not materially affect the year-round operations of the Bank.

Changes in Estimates of Amounts Reported. There were no changes in estimates of amounts reported in prior interim periods of the current financial year or in estimates of amounts reported in prior financial years.

Issuances, Repurchases and Repayments of Debt and Equity Securities. In January 2024, the Bank raised USD 400 million from its five-year Senior Unsecured Fixed Rate Sustainability Bonds (the Notes) issuance via a drawdown from its USD3.0 billion Medium Term Note Programme. The Notes carry a coupon rate of 5.5% per annum.

Dividends Paid for Ordinary or Other Shares. In its meeting held on March 25, 2024, the Board of Directors approved the declaration and payment of cash dividends amounting to P1.0140 per share or a total of P2.5 billion and P270.1 thousand payable to holders of Common Class and Preferred Class shares, respectively, both paid on April 26, 2024.

In its meeting held on February 26, 2024, the Board of Directors approved the declaration and payment of cash dividends amounting to P0.1864 per share or a total of P49.8 thousand payable to holders of Preferred Class shares and paid on March 21, 2024.

In its meeting held on January 29, 2024, the Board of Directors approved the declaration and payment of cash dividends on the Bank's USD300 million Non-cumulative Hybrid Perpetual Securities at a dividend rate of 6.50% per annum or a total of USD9.8 million or P549.4 million payable to holders of said Securities, which was paid on February 27, 2024.

In its meeting held on November 29, 2023, the Board of Directors approved the declaration and payment of cash dividends amounting to P0.1870 per share or a total of P50.0 thousand payable to holders of Preferred Class shares and paid on December 29, 2023.

In its meeting held on August 29, 2023, the Board of Directors approved the declaration and payment of cash dividends amounting to P0.1920 per share or a total of P51.4 thousand payable to holders of Preferred Class shares and paid on September 25, 2023.

In its meeting held on July 31, 2023, the Board of Directors approved the declaration and payment of cash dividends on the Bank's USD300 million Non-cumulative Hybrid Perpetual Securities at a dividend rate of 6.50% per annum or a total of USD9.8 million or P535.1 million payable to holders of said Securities, which was paid on August 27, 2023.

In its meeting held on May 29, 2023, the Board of Directors approved the declaration and payment of cash dividends amounting to P0.1789 per share or a total of P47.8 thousand payable to holders of Preferred Class shares and paid on June 26, 2023.

In its meeting held on March 27, 2023, the Board of Directors approved the declaration and payment of cash dividends amounting to P1.08 per share or a total of P2.2 billion and P288.8 thousand payable to holders of Common Class and Preferred Class shares, respectively, both paid on April 27, 2023.

In its meeting held on February 27, 2023, the Board of Directors approved the declaration and payment of cash dividends amounting to P0.1685 per share or a total of P45.0 thousand payable to holders of Preferred Class shares and paid on March 23, 2023.

In its meeting held on January 30, 2023, the Board of Directors approved the declaration and payment of cash dividends on the Bank's USD300 million Non-cumulative Hybrid Perpetual Securities at a dividend rate of 6.50% per annum or a total of USD9.8 million or P532.7 million payable to holders of said Securities, which was paid on February 27, 2023.

The details of the cash dividend approvals and distributions from 2023 up to March 31, 2024 are as follows (amounts in Thousand Php except per share figures):

Date Declared	Dividend		Date Paid / Payable	Nature of Securities
	Per Share	Total Amount		
30-Jan-23	-	P 532,740.0	27-Feb-23	Hybrid Perpetual Securities
27-Feb-23	P 0.1685	P 45.0	23-Mar-23	Convertible Preferred
27-Mar-23	P 1.0800	P 2,200,477.2	27-Apr-23	Common Stock
27-Mar-23	P 1.0800	P 288.8	27-Apr-23	Convertible Preferred
29-May-23	P 0.1789	P 47.8	26-Jun-23	Convertible Preferred
31-Jul-23	-	P 535,080.0	27-Aug-23	Hybrid Perpetual Securities
29-Aug-23	P 0.1920	P 51.4	25-Sep-23	Convertible Preferred
29-Nov-23	P 0.1870	P 50.0	29-Dec-23	Convertible Preferred
29-Jan-24	-	P 549,412.5	27-Feb-24	Hybrid Perpetual Securities
26-Feb-24	P 0.1864	P 49.8	21-Mar-24	Convertible Preferred
25-Mar-24	P 1.0140	P 2,453,409.8	26-Apr-24	Common Stock
25-Mar-24	P 1.0140	P 270.1	26-Apr-24	Convertible Preferred

Note: In 2015, the BSP, through the monetary board, approved the liberalized rules for banks and quasi-banks on dividend declaration. The policy requires that dividend declaration be immediately recognized as a liability upon the approval of the BOD and that it be disclosed in the statement of changes in equity. Further, prior BSP approval is no longer required except for certain cases.

Changes in Composition of the Issuer During the Interim Period and Material Contingencies and Any Other Events or Transactions. There were no material changes in composition of the issuer during the interim period and material contingencies and any other events or transactions.

Changes in Contingent Liabilities or Contingent Assets. There were no material changes in contingent liabilities or contingent assets since the last annual balance sheet date.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Financial Performance

RIZAL COMMERCIAL BANKING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES				
	Consolidated		Parent	
	Unaudited	Audited	Unaudited	Audited
	31-Mar-24	31-Dec-23	31-Mar-24	31-Dec-23
Return on Average Assets (ROA)* ^{1/}	0.7%	1.1%	0.7%	1.1%
Return on Average Equity (ROE) * ^{2/}	5.6%	9.5%	5.6%	9.5%
Risk-based Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR)	16.3%	17.4%	16.1%	17.2%
Common Equity Tier 1 Ratio	13.7%	14.7%	13.5%	14.5%
Non-Performing Loans (NPL) Ratio ^{3/}	1.7%	1.6%	1.6%	1.5%
Non-Performing Assets (NPA) Ratio ^{4/}	1.3%	1.3%	1.2%	1.2%
Net Interest Margin (NIM)*	3.6%	3.4%	3.6%	3.4%
Cost-to-Income Ratio	63.5%	59.2%	63.2%	59.5%
Loans-to-Deposit Ratio ^{5/}	65.8%	65.1%	65.2%	64.3%
Current Ratio	2.0	0.9	1.8	0.9
Liquid Assets-to-Total Assets Ratio	0.6	0.9	0.7	0.9
Debt-to-Equity Ratio	7.2	7.1	7.1	7.1
Asset-to-Equity Ratio	8.2	8.1	8.1	8.1
Asset-to-Liability Ratio	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
Interest Rate Coverage Ratio	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.4
Earnings per share (EPS) ^{6/}				
Basic and Diluted*	PHP 3.38	PHP 5.07	PHP 3.38	PHP 5.07
Year-to-date Basic and Diluted	PHP 0.84	PHP 5.07	PHP 0.84	PHP 5.07
	Unaudited			
	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
Quarter-to-date Basic and Diluted**	PHP 0.84	PHP 0.86	PHP 0.84	PHP 0.86

* March 31, 2024 ratios/ amounts were annualized

** March 31, 2024 and 2023 ratios/ amounts were annualized

1/ Average assets for the consolidated and parent ratios were computed based on the 3-month average of end of month balances of total assets. Unaudited net income for the 3-month period ended March 31, 2024 in the amount of P2.2 billion represented the consolidated and parent.

2/ Average equity for the consolidated and parent ratios were, likewise, computed based on the 3-month average of end of month balances. Unaudited net income for the 3-month period ended March 31, 2024 in the amount of P1.9 billion represented the consolidated and parent, net of dividends on Hybrid Perpetual Securities of P274.7 million.

3/ NPL ratio is determined by using the following formula: $(Total\ NPLs\ net\ of\ total\ specific\ provision\ for\ losses\ of\ NPLs) / (Total\ gross\ loan\ portfolio)$.

4/ NPA ratio is determined by using the following formula: $[Net\ NPLs + Gross\ Real\ and\ Other\ Properties\ Acquired\ (ROPA) + Non-performing\ Sales\ Contract\ Receivable\ (SCR) + Non-Current\ Assets\ Held\ for\ Sale\ (NCAHS)] / Gross\ Total\ Assets$.

5/ Excluding Interbank Loans.

6/ Total weighted average number of issued and outstanding common shares (diluted) were 2,292,236,409 shares as of March 31, 2024 and 2,197,681,607 as of December 31, 2023. Net income was net of dividends on Hybrid Capital Securities.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION: 31 March 2024 vs. 31 December 2023

RCBC's **Total Assets** stood at P1.2 trillion as of March 31, 2024. The significant movements are discussed below:

Cash and Other Cash Items declined by 26.6% or P5.3 billion due to lower cash requirements compared to year-end balances.

Due from Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas decreased by 31.5% or P47.8 billion due to lower level of BSP Term Deposits, as a result of redeployment of funds.

Due from Other Banks dropped by 24.8% or P3.7 billion due to lower funding requirement of international cards and as a result of net movements maintained with foreign banks as part of the liquidity management of the Bank.

Loans Arising from Reverse Repurchase Agreement decreased by 52.5% or P18.8 billion due to lower placements with the BSP.

Total Investment Securities, representing 32.4% of Total Resources, increased by 20.6% or P68.1 billion attributable to the 59.1% or P48.7 billion growth in Financial Assets at Fair Value Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI); 8.4% or P19.8 billion improvement in Investment Securities at Amortized Cost; net of the 3.9% or P459.0 million decrease in Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL).

Loans and Receivables – net was recorded at P649.2 billion and represented 52.7% of Total Resources.

Bank Premises, Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment – net declined by 6.4% or P580.0 million mainly due to the amortization of right-of use assets.

Deferred Tax Assets was up by 6.3% or P362.0 million mainly due to the additional recognition of deferred tax asset during the period.

Other Resources – net grew by 5.4% or P1.0 billion largely due to higher creditable withholding tax, dividends receivable and reclassification of investment properties to non-current assets held for sale.

Total Liabilities settled at P1.1 trillion with a decrease of P6.0 billion. The significant movements are discussed below:

Deposit Liabilities stood at P959.4 billion and grew by P2.6 billion or 0.3% and accounted 77.9% of Total Resources.

Bills Payable reduced by 54.4% or P27.7 billion due to net maturities of local and foreign borrowings during the period.

Bonds Payable increased by 64.2% or P22.4 billion attributable to the issuance of the USD397.3 million Senior Notes Sustainability Bonds.

Accrued Taxes, Interest and Other Expenses were down by 13.2% or P1.6 billion mainly due to the decreases in accrual of interest expense on time deposits because of maturities and payment of PDIC insurance.

Other Liabilities dropped by 5.7% or P1.8 billion largely due to settlement of trade payables and outstanding acceptances, net of dividends payable booked during the quarter.

Total Capital Funds stood at P150.8 billion, which is lower by P1.4 billion or 0.9%.

INCOME STATEMENT: 31 March 2024 vs. 31 March 2023

The Bank recorded a **Net Income** of P2.2 billion for the three-month ended March 31, 2024 driven by the following:

Total **Interest Income** jumped by 28.7% or P4.2 billion driven by the growth in volume and higher average yields. Interest income on loans and receivables was higher by 32.3% or P3.5 billion; interest income on trading and investment securities increased by 23.1% or P745.0 million and other interest income higher by 2.3% or P17.0 million.

Total **Interest Expense** increased by 26.0% or P1.9 billion due to higher interest expense on deposit liabilities by 32.5% or P2.0 billion as a result of higher average costs and growth in average volume. Meanwhile, interest expense on bills payable and other borrowings was down by 7.0% or P85.0 million.

As a result, **Net Interest Income** amounted to P9.6 billion from P7.3 billion, higher by 31.6% or P2.3 billion. It represented 78.1% of total operating income.

The Group booked **Impairment Losses** of P1.7 billion, higher by 11.8% or P176.0 million. It represented 13.7% of total operating income.

Other Operating Income of P2.7 billion declined by 53.3% or P3.1 billion. This accounted for 21.9% of total operating income on account of the following:

- **Trading and securities gains – net**, down by 17.2% or P10.0 million on account of lower marked to market valuation largely from Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL) securities, net of higher realized trading gains;
- **Service fees and commissions** higher by 43.8% or P623.0 million largely from the increase in fee-based income;
- **Trust fees** – the 100% reduction was due to the spin-off of the Bank's Trust Operations to a Stand-Alone Trust Corporation effective January 2, 2024;
- **Foreign exchange gains (losses) – net**, lower by 109.1% or P442.0 million largely on account of lower revaluation profit and lower foreign exchange income from commercial transactions;
- **Gain on assets sold – net**, decreased by 96.7% or P3.2 billion due to the higher gain on sale of various real estate properties sold last year;
- **Miscellaneous income** higher by 32.4% or P124.0 million on account of higher dividend income.

Other Operating Expenses amounted to P7.8 billion, higher by 7.9% or P571.0 million. This accounted for 63.5% of total operating income on account of the following:

- **Employee benefits** up by 13.2% or P226.0 million due to increase in headcount;
- **Occupancy and equipment-related costs** higher by 12.7% or P105.0 million largely due to higher information technology costs and increase in rental expenses;
- **Taxes and licenses** declined by 1.1% or P18.0 million;
- **Depreciation and amortization** down by 3.3% or P28.0 million;
- **Miscellaneous expenses** jumped by 13.3% or P286.0 million largely due to higher credit card-related expenses and increase in regulatory fees and other volume-driven expenses.

Tax Expense was lower by 10.4% or P69.0 million in line with the lower income year on year.

There were no significant elements of income or loss that did not arise from the Bank's continuing operations.

Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

See accompanying Notes to FS for the detailed discussion of Commitments and Contingent Liabilities and the summary of contingencies and commitments arising from off-balance sheet items and their equivalent peso contractual amounts (Note 12).

There are also no known trends, events or uncertainties that have had or that are reasonably expected to have a material favorable or unfavorable impact on net sales/revenues/income from continuing operations.

There were no material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relationships of the company with unconsolidated entities or other persons created during the reporting period.

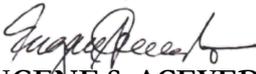
Similarly, there were no significant elements of income or loss that did not arise from the Bank's continuing operations.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Issuer **RIZAL COMMERCIAL BANKING CORPORATION**

Date **May 10, 2024**


EUGENE S. ACEVEDO
President & CEO


FLORENTINO M. MADONZA
FSVP, Head-Controllershship Group


MA. CHRISTINA P. ALVAREZ
FSVP, Head-Corporate Planning Group

RIZAL COMMERCIAL BANKING CORPORATION
Aging of Other Receivables
As of March 31, 2024
(Amounts in Millions of Philippine Pesos)

	1 - 90 days	91 - 180 days	181 -1 year	Over 1 year	Total	Allowance	Net
Accounts Receivable	3,761.0	186.7	344.6	880.9	5,173.2	1,359.8	3,813.4

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM 17-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE AND SRC RULE 17(2)(b) THEREUNDER

1. For the quarterly period ended
Mar 31, 2024

2. SEC Identification Number
17514

3. BIR Tax Identification No.
000-599-760-000

4. Exact name of issuer as specified in its charter
RIZAL COMMERCIAL BANKING CORPORATION

5. Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization
Philippines

6. Industry Classification Code(SEC Use Only)

7. Address of principal office
6819 Ayala cor. Gil J. Puyat Ave., Makati City
Postal Code
0727

8. Issuer's telephone number, including area code
8894-9000

9. Former name or former address, and former fiscal year, if changed since last report
Not Applicable

10. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the SRC or Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA

Title of Each Class	Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding
Common	2,419,536,322

11. Are any or all of registrant's securities listed on a Stock Exchange?

Yes No

If yes, state the name of such stock exchange and the classes of securities listed therein:

The Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc.; Common Shares

12. Indicate by check mark whether the registrant:

(a) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 17 of the SRC and SRC Rule 17 thereunder or Sections 11 of the RSA and RSA Rule 11(a)-1 thereunder, and Sections 26 and 141 of the Corporation Code of the Philippines, during the preceding twelve (12) months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports)

Yes No

(b) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past ninety (90) days

 Yes No

The Exchange does not warrant and holds no responsibility for the veracity of the facts and representations contained in all corporate disclosures, including financial reports. All data contained herein are prepared and submitted by the disclosing party to the Exchange, and are disseminated solely for purposes of information. Any questions on the data contained herein should be addressed directly to the Corporate Information Officer of the disclosing party.



Rizal Commercial Banking Corporation RCB

PSE Disclosure Form 17-2 - Quarterly Report References: SRC Rule 17 and Sections 17.2 and 17.8 of the Revised Disclosure Rules

For the period ended	Mar 31, 2024
Currency (indicate units, if applicable)	PHP (in millions)

Balance Sheet

	Period Ended		Fiscal Year Ended (Audited)	
	Mar 31, 2024		Dec 31, 2023	
Current Assets	559,140		288,860	
Total Assets	1,230,944		1,238,332	
Current Liabilities	276,838		304,983	
Total Liabilities	1,080,106		1,086,057	
Retained Earnings/(Deficit)	60,959		60,959	
Stockholders' Equity	150,838		152,275	
Stockholders' Equity - Parent	150,832		152,269	
Book Value per Share	56.36		56.86	

Income Statement

	Current Year (3 Months)	Previous Year (3 Months)	Current Year-To-Date	Previous Year-To-Date
Gross Revenue	12,236	12,993	12,236	12,993
Gross Expense	9,437	8,690	9,437	8,690
Non-Operating Income	-	-	-	-
Non-Operating Expense	-	-	-	-
Income/(Loss) Before Tax	2,799	4,303	2,799	4,303
Income Tax Expense	597	666	597	666
Net Income/(Loss) After Tax	2,202	3,637	2,202	3,637

Net Income Attributable to Parent Equity Holder	2,202	3,638	2,202	3,638
Earnings/(Loss) Per Share (Basic)	3.38	1.65	3.38	1.65
Earnings/(Loss) Per Share (Diluted)	3.38	1.65	3.38	1.65

	Current Year (Trailing 12 months)	Previous Year (Trailing 12 months)
Earnings/(Loss) Per Share (Basic)	4.22	6.13
Earnings/(Loss) Per Share (Diluted)	4.22	6.13

Other Relevant Information

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Filed on behalf by:

Name	Ma. Christina Alvarez
Designation	Corporate Planning Head and Corporate Information Officer